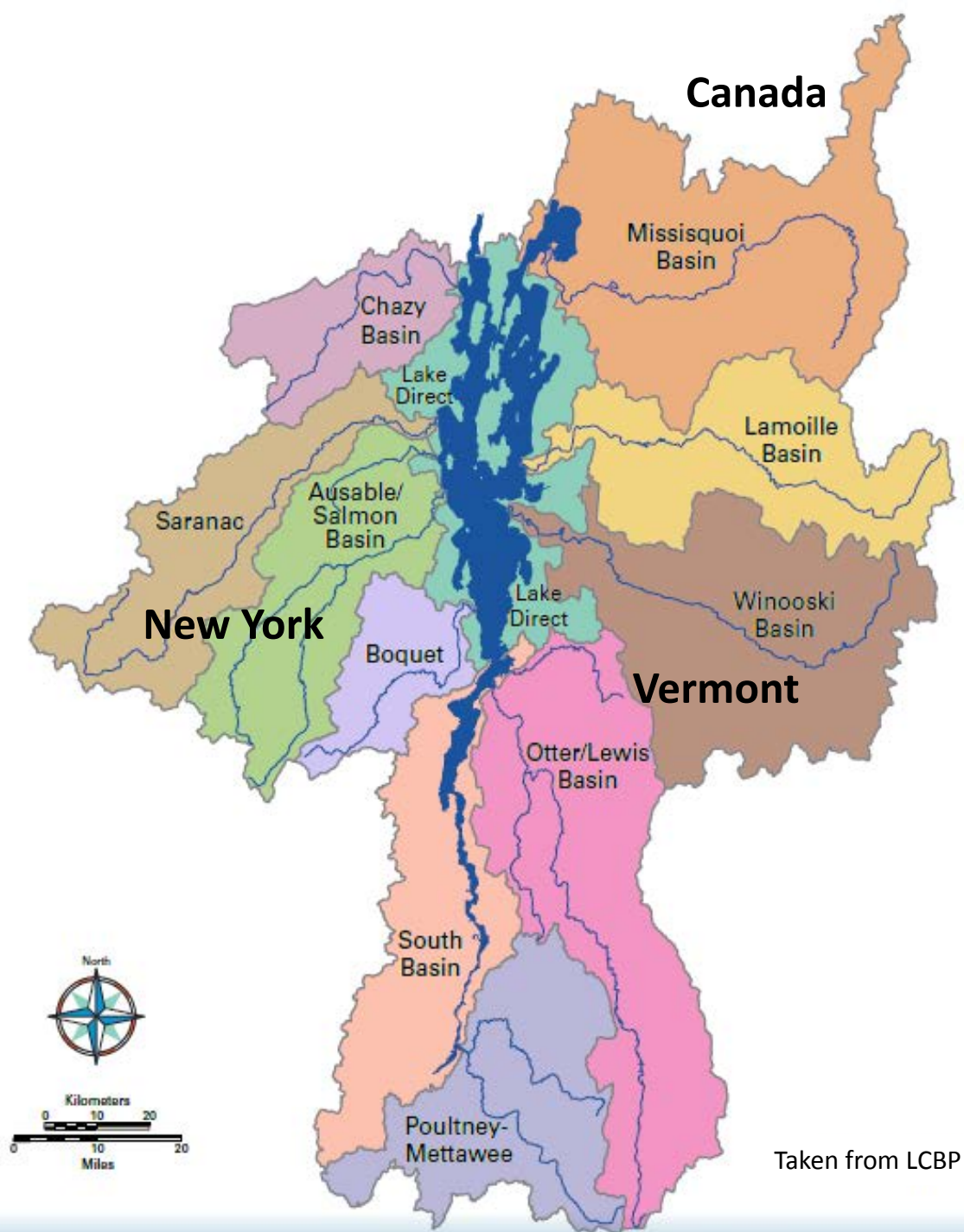


Increased Mercury in Lake Champlain Fish Maybe Linked to Extreme Climatic Events

Mark Swinton & Sandra Nierzwicki-Bauer
National Atmospheric Deposition Program Scientific Symposium
November 8, 2018

Lake Champlain Watershed

- Length: 193 km
- Max Depth: 122m
- Lake Area: 1127 km²
- Volume: 25.8 km³
- Land:Lake Surface Area: 19:1
- Retention Time: 2-36 months



Project Outline

Re-analysis of fish Hg ~5 years to inform consumption advisories

Five fish species

Smallmouth Bass

Yellow Perch

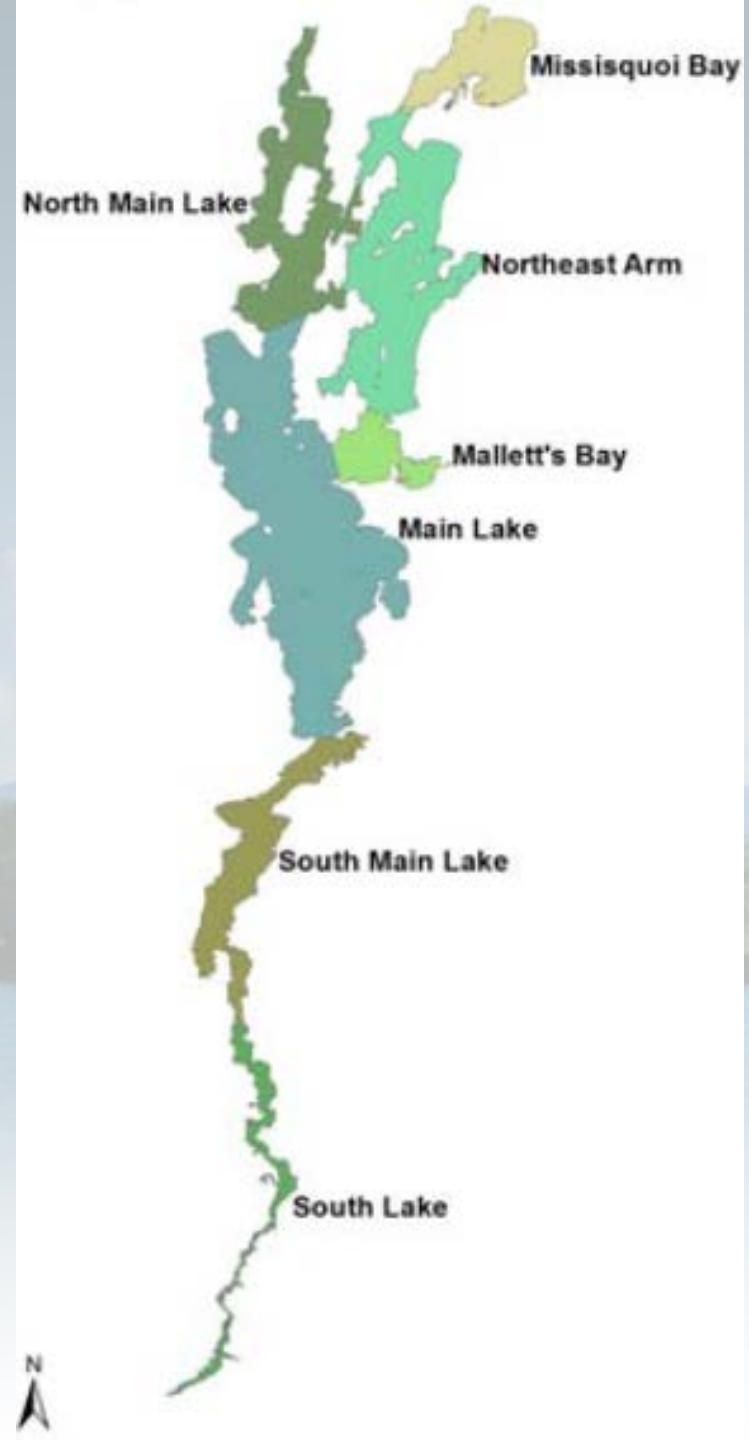
White Perch

Walleye

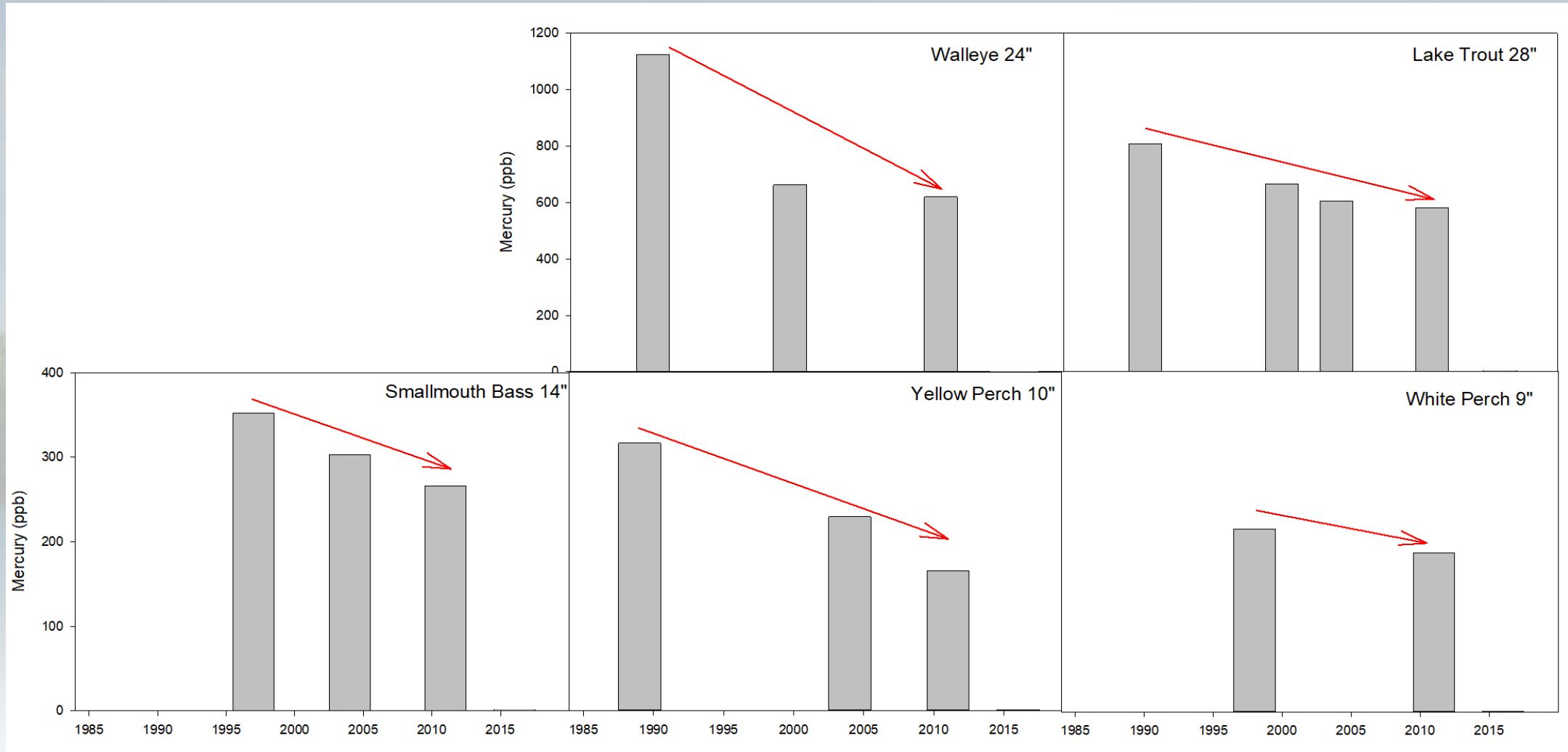
Lake Trout

Seven Lake Segments

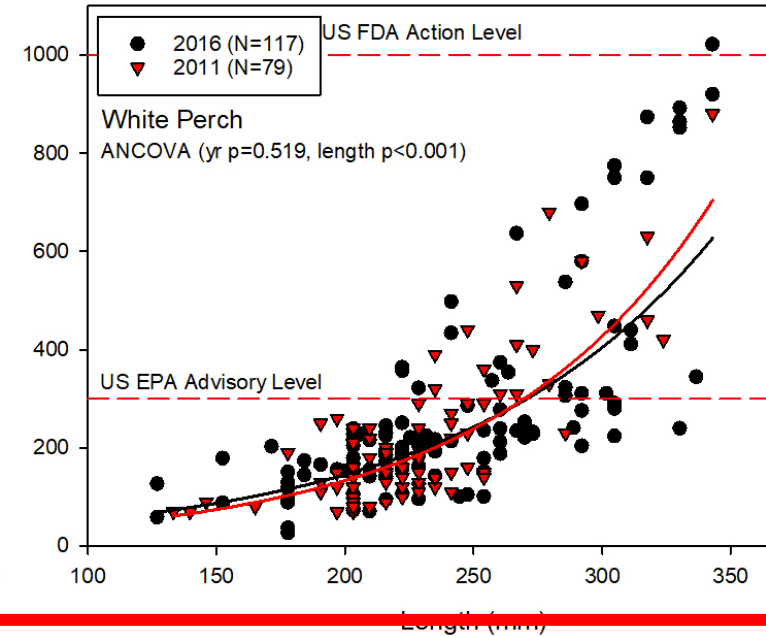
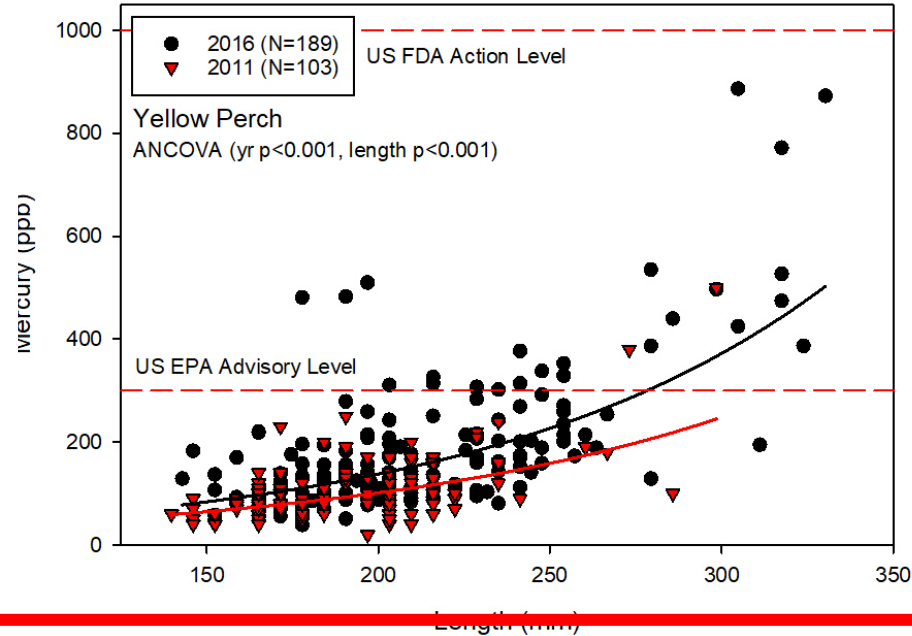
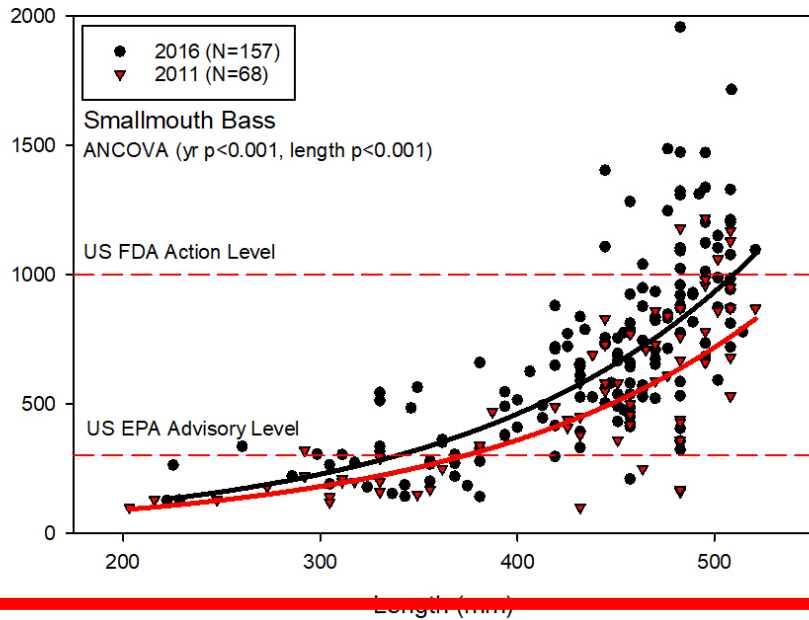
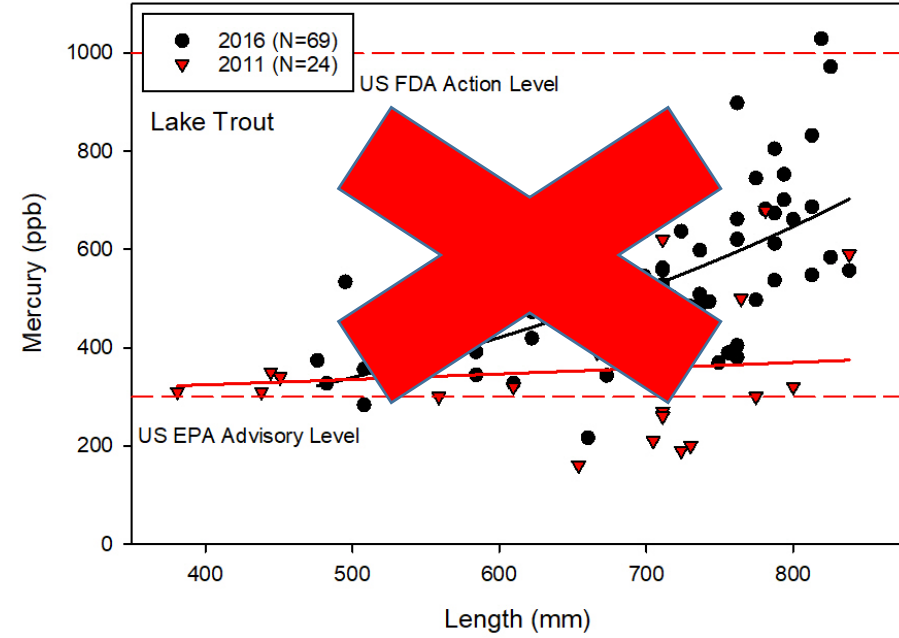
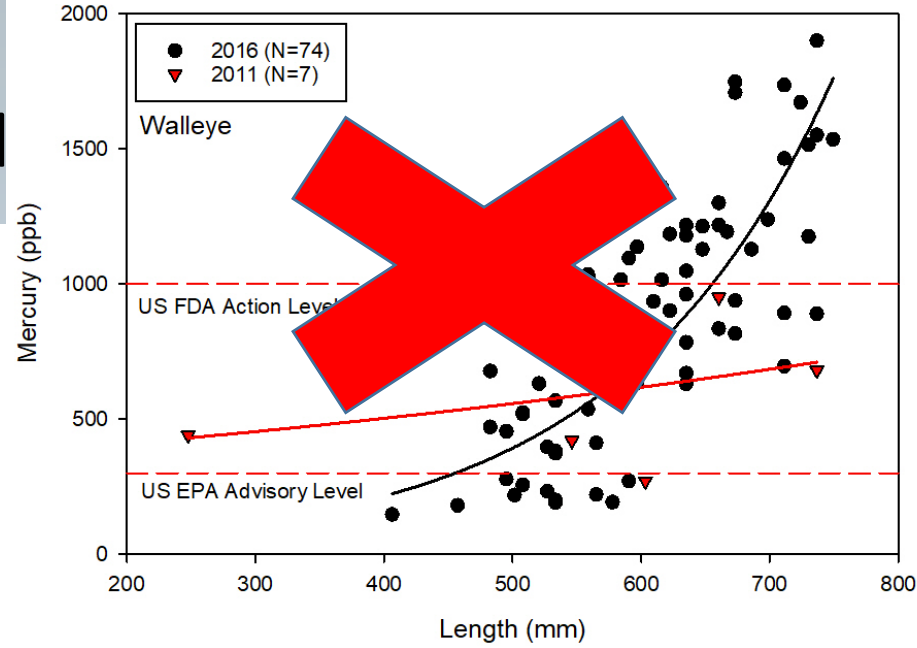
600+ THg measurements

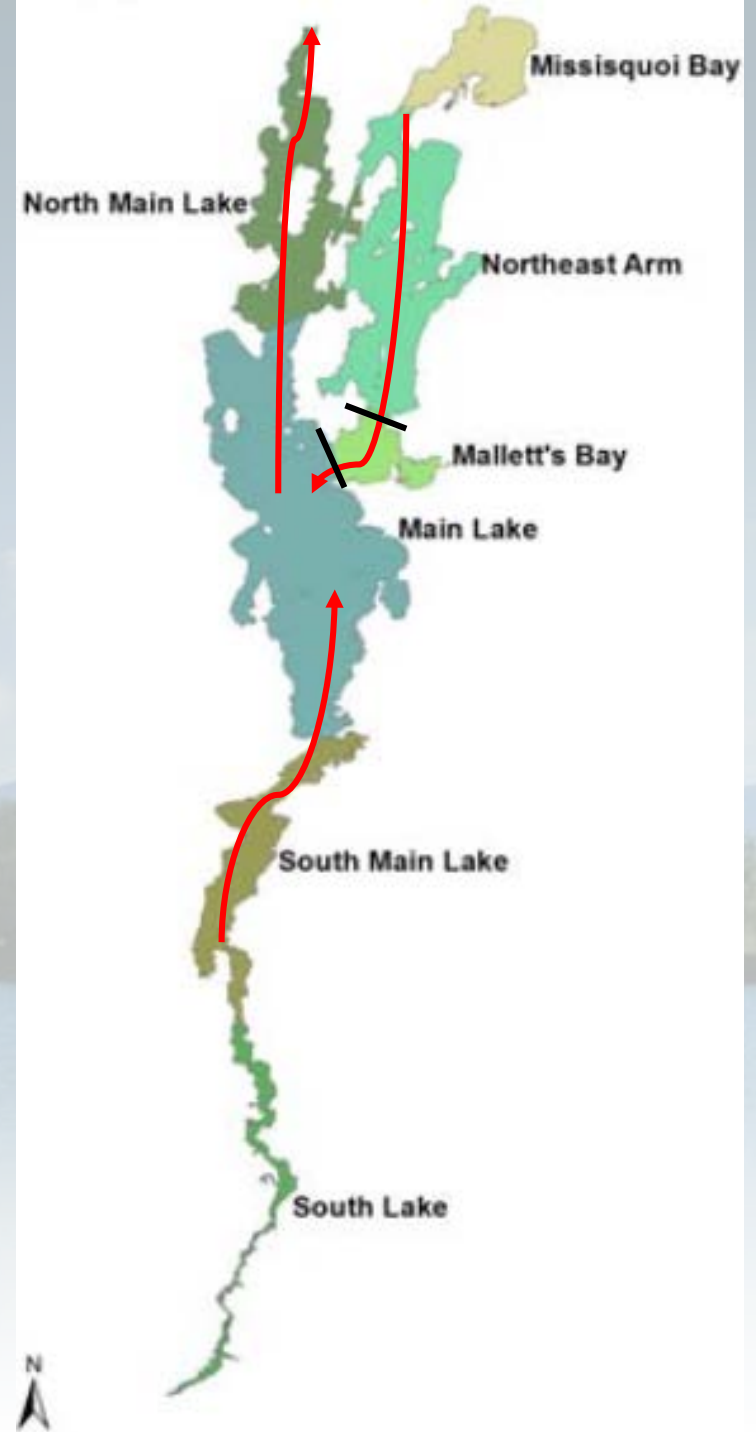
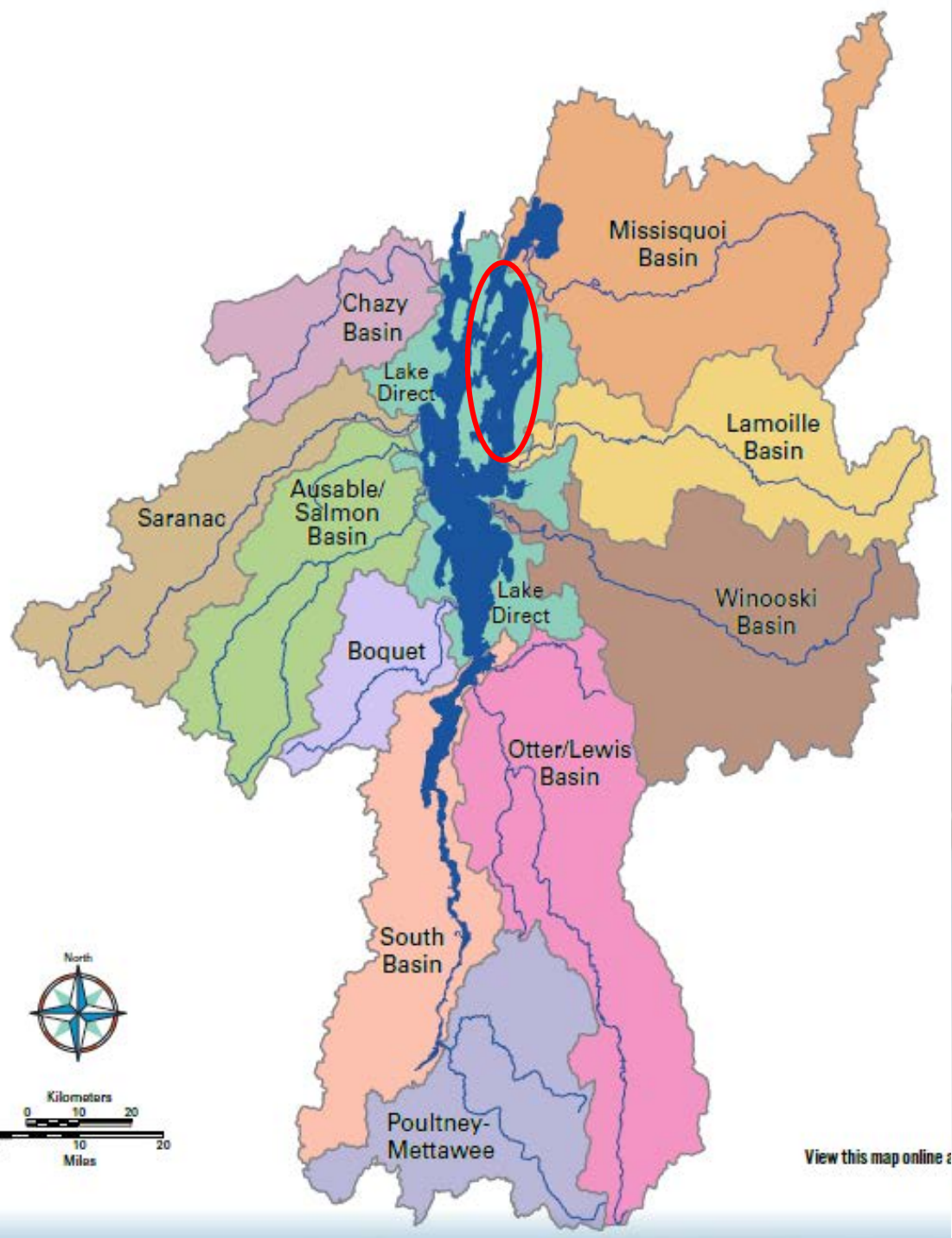


2011 Study – Lake-wide Mercury Decreasing For >2 Decades

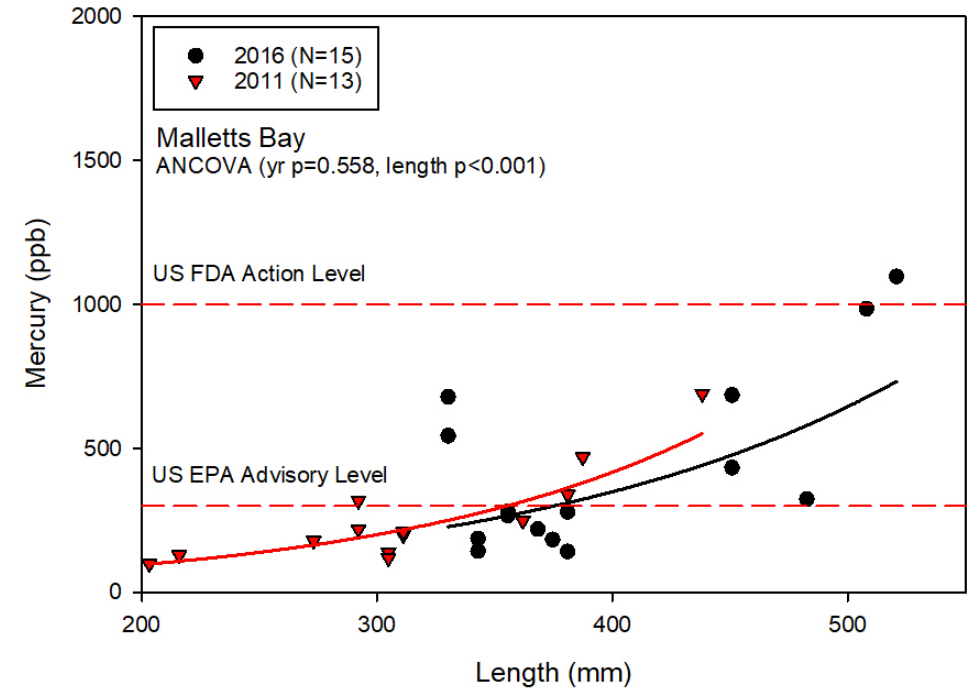
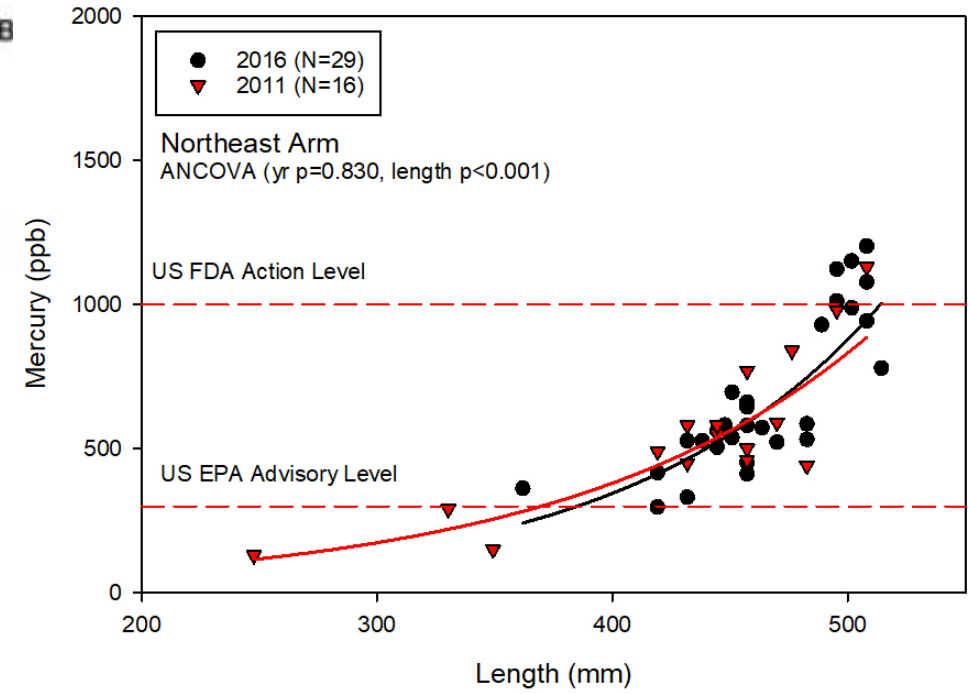
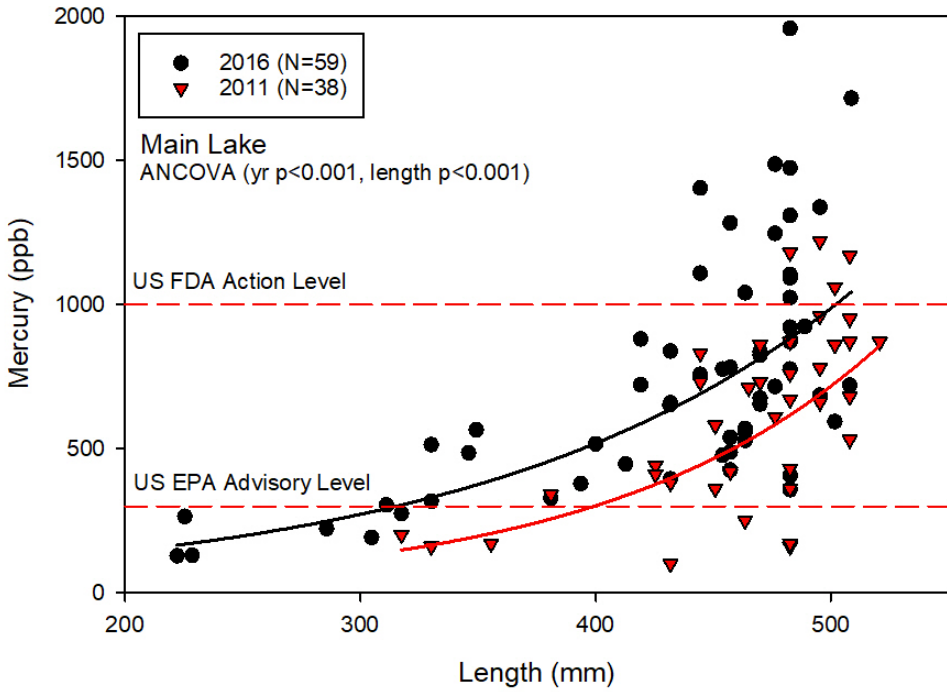
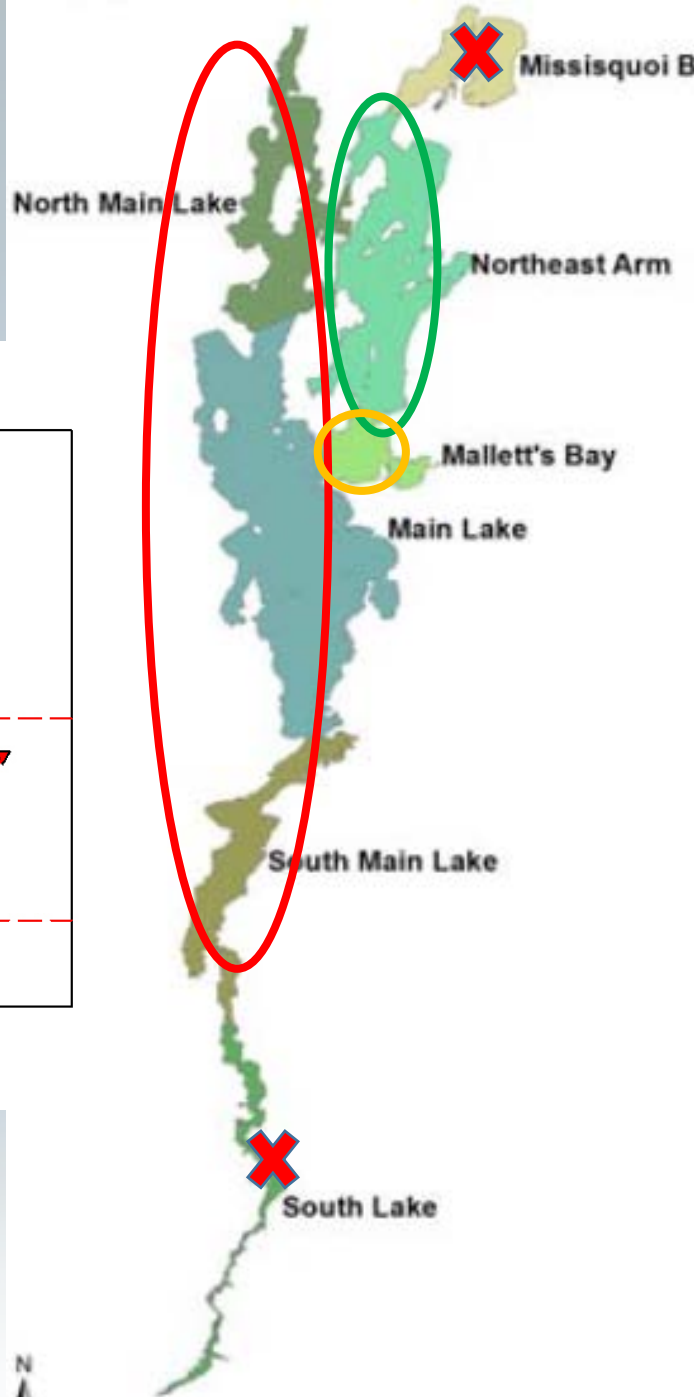


2016 Study - M

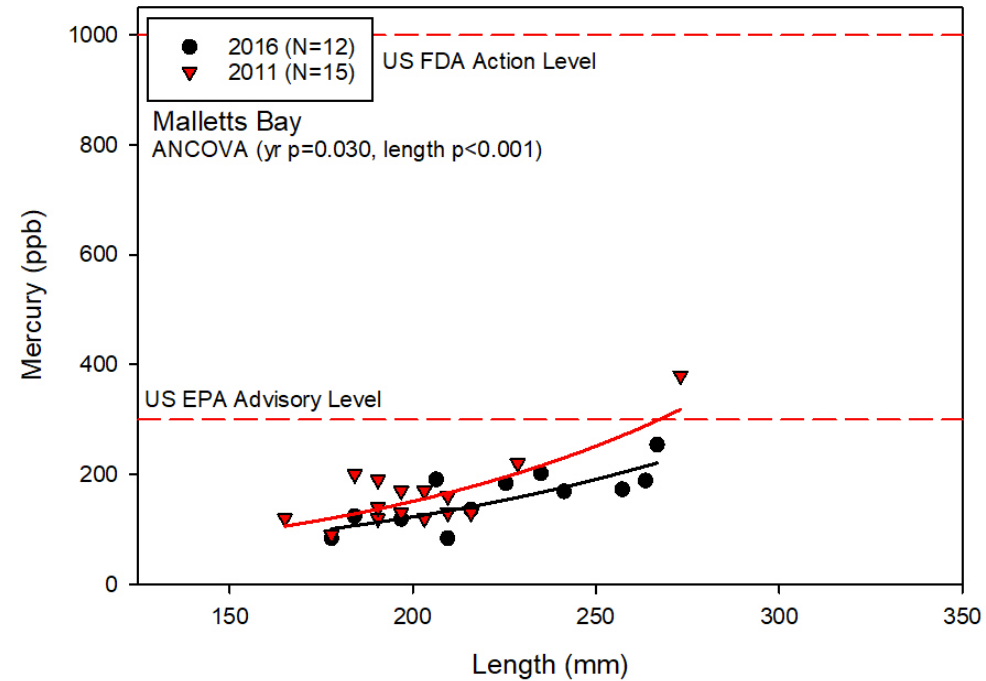
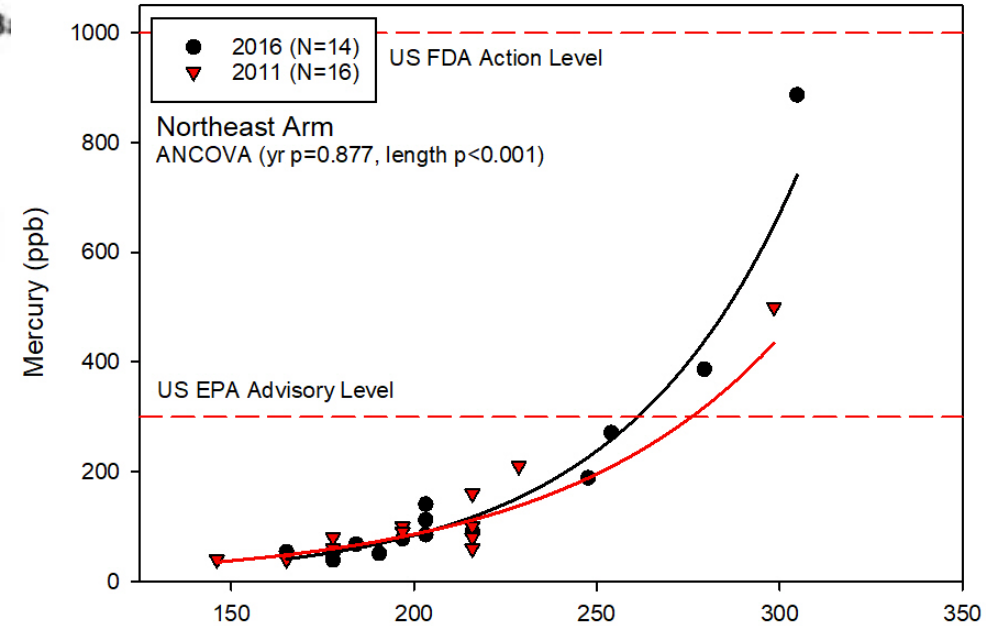
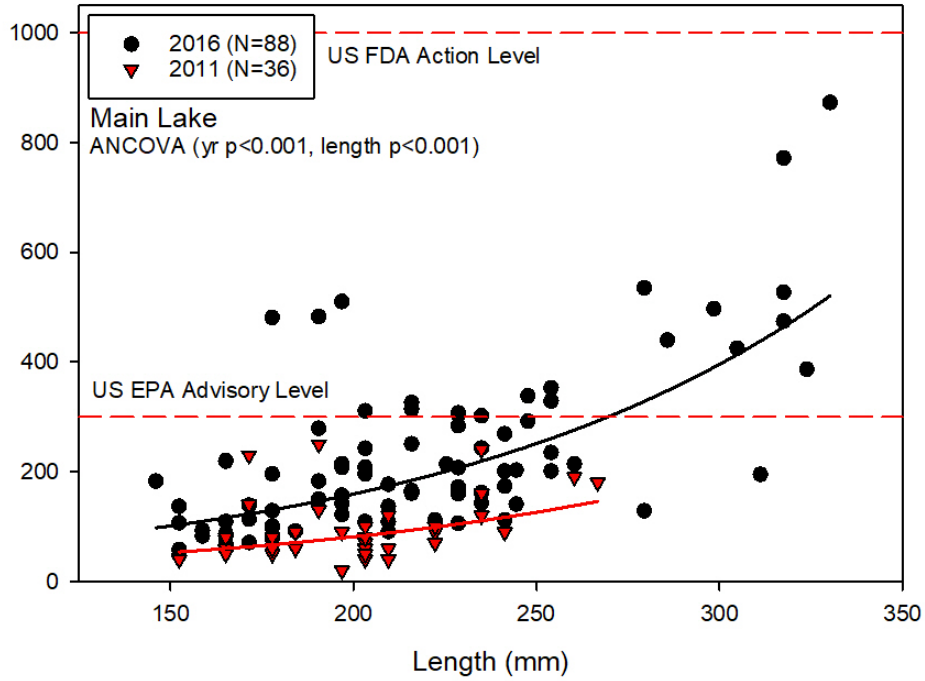
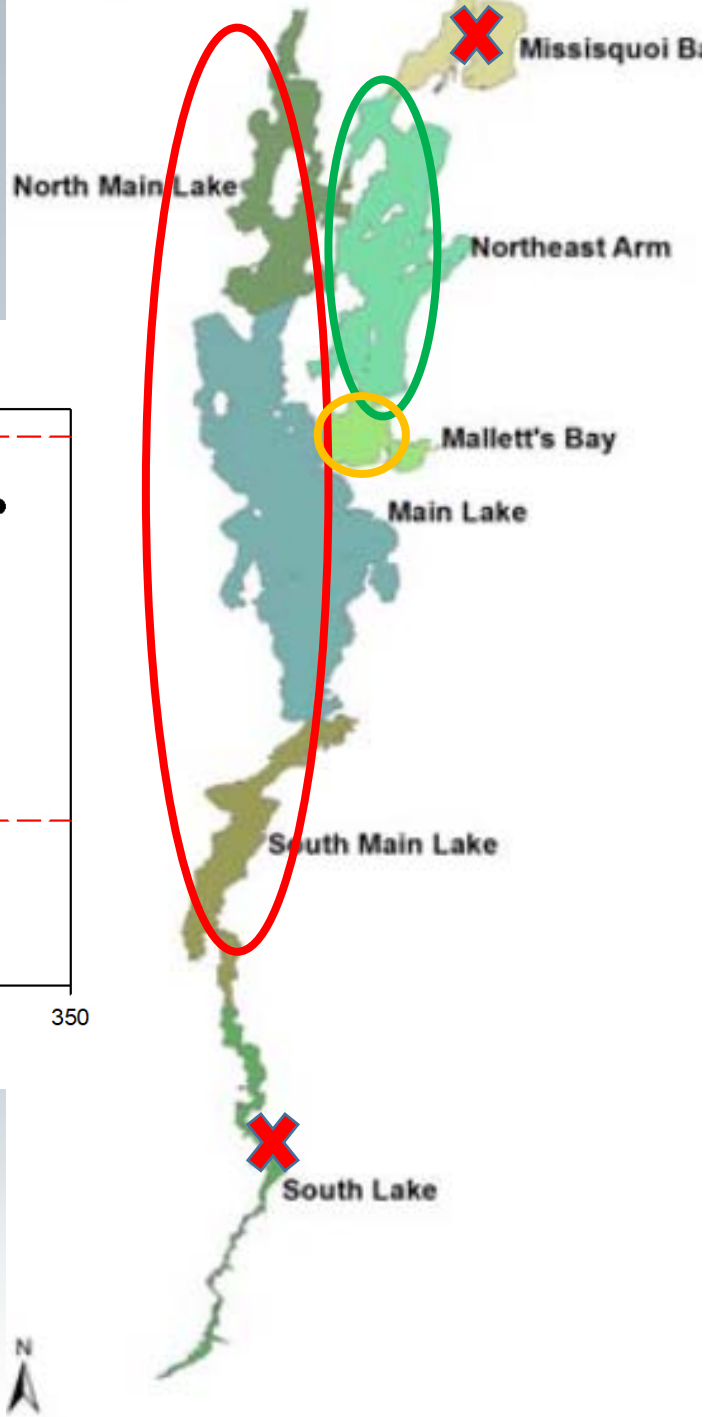




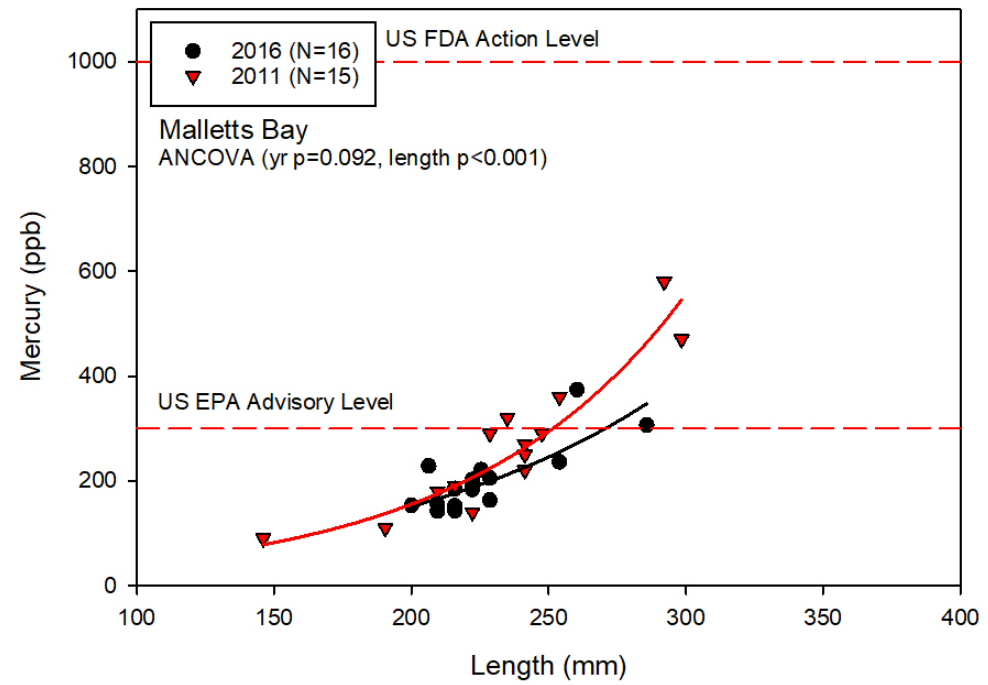
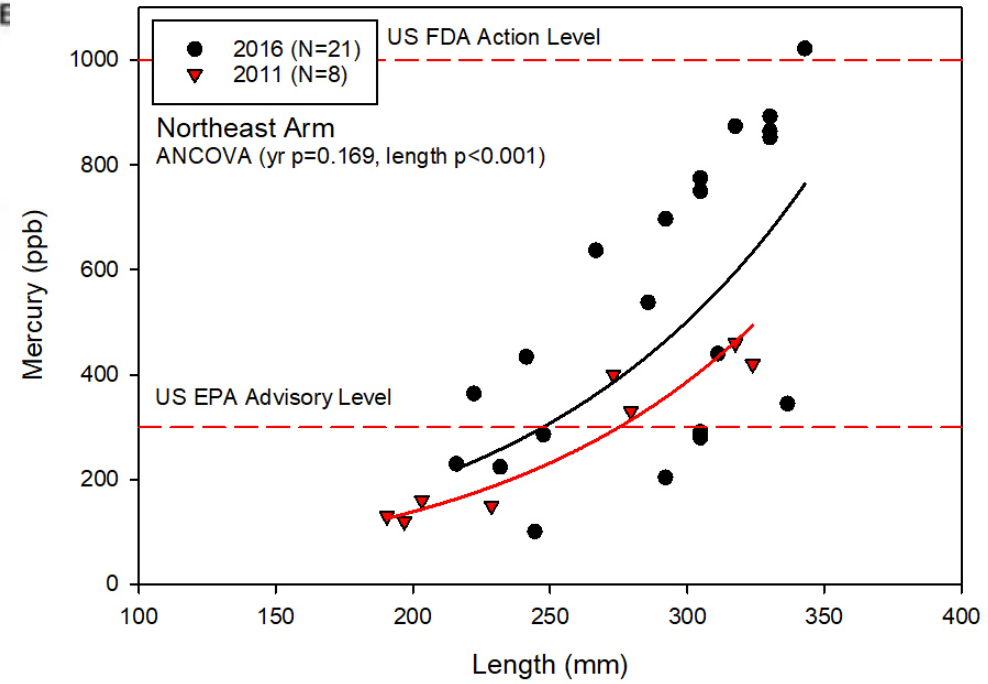
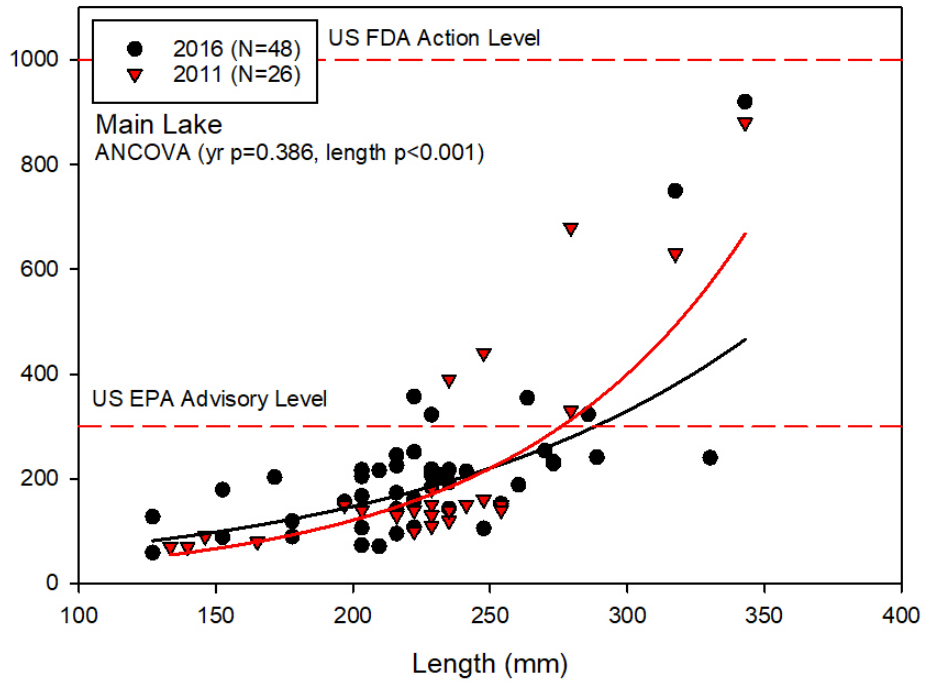
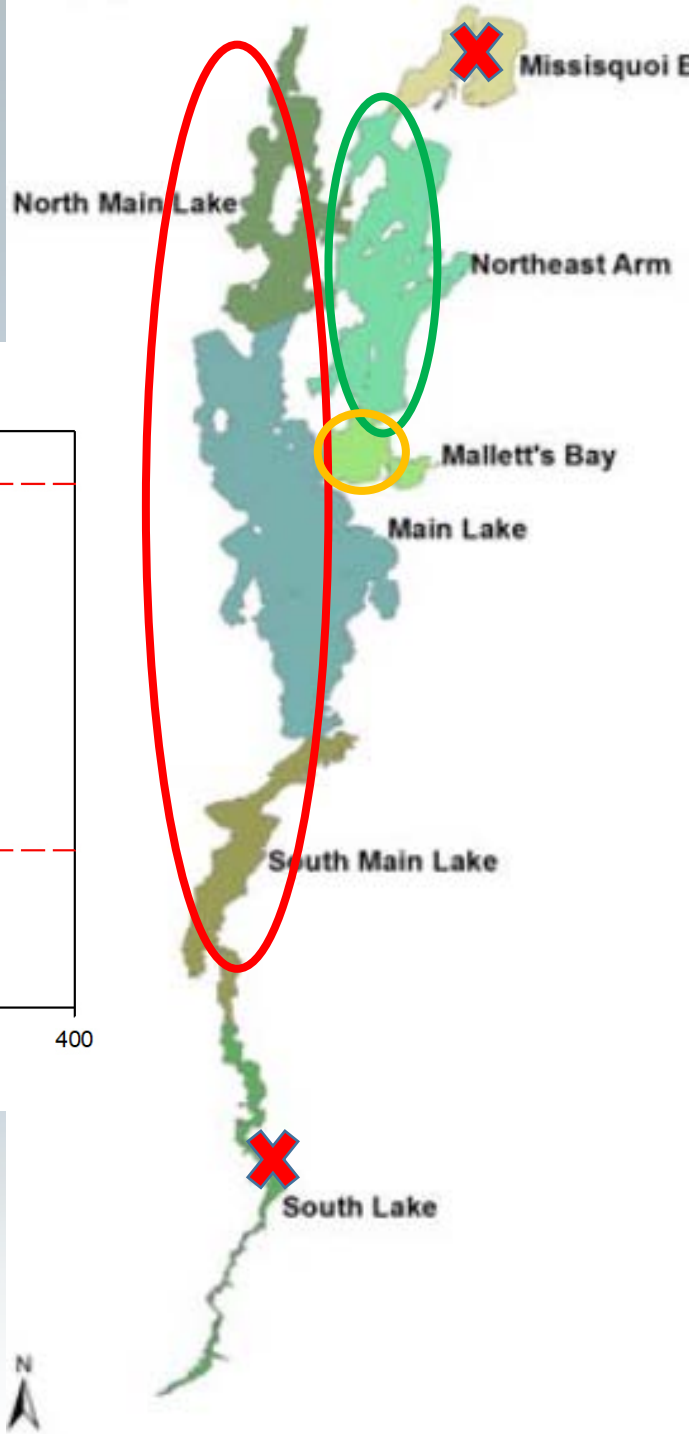
Smallmouth Bass



Yellow Perch



White Perch



Fish Mercury Trend 2011 to 2016

| Lake Segment | Smallmouth Bass | Yellow Perch | White Perch |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| Lake-wide | ↑ p<0.001 | ↑ p<0.001 | ≈ p=0.52 |
| Main Lake Proper | ↑ p<0.001 | ↑ p<0.001 | ≈ p=0.39 |
| Northeast Arm | ≈ p=0.83 | ≈ p=0.88 | ≈ p=0.17 |
| Malletts Bay | ≈ p=0.58 | ↓ p=0.030 | ↓ p=0.09 |

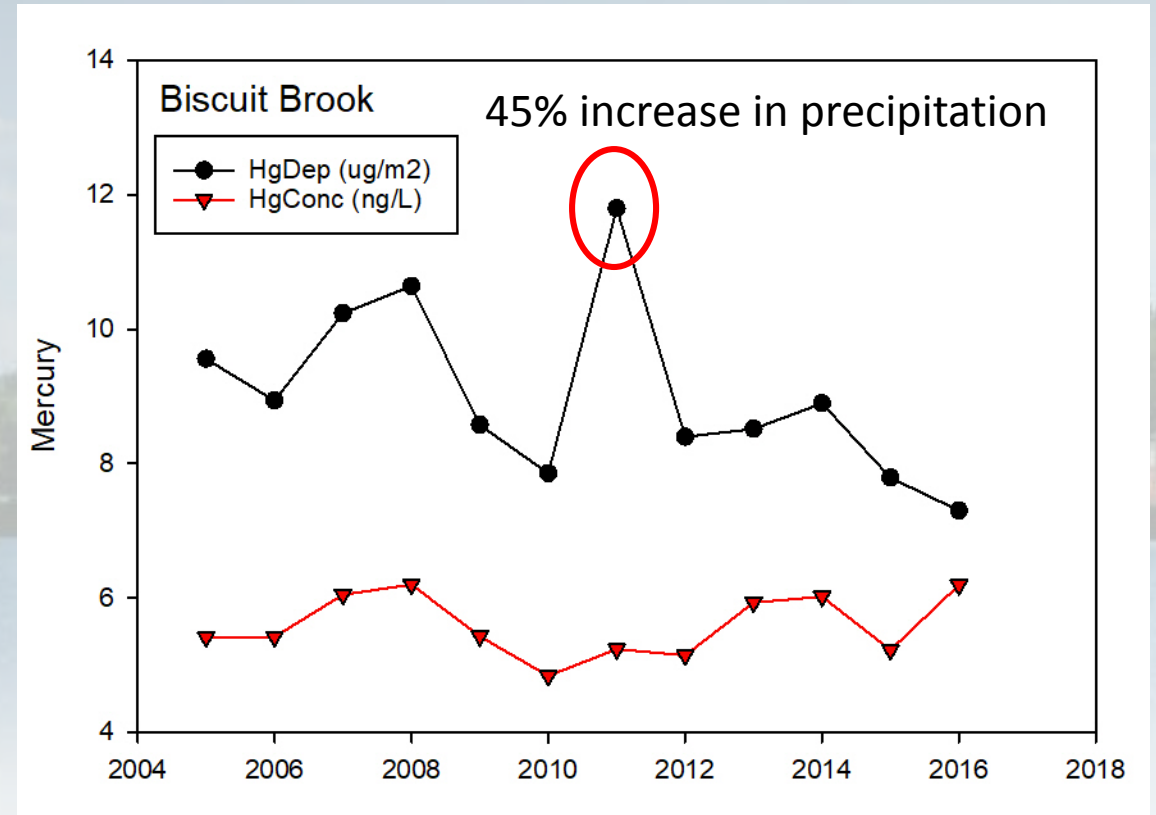
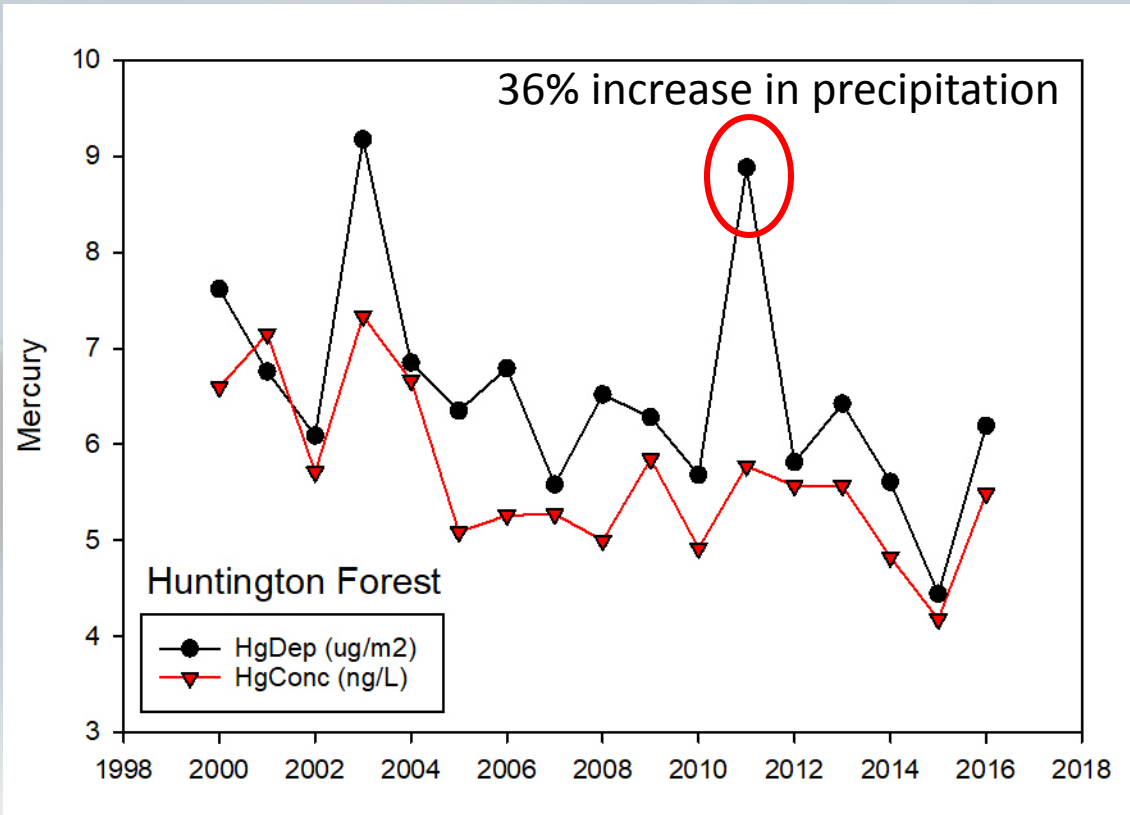
Main Questions

What caused the mercury spike in the Main Lake segments?

What differences between lake segments cause the conflicting trends?

What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

Atmospheric Deposition?



What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

Atmospheric Deposition-NO

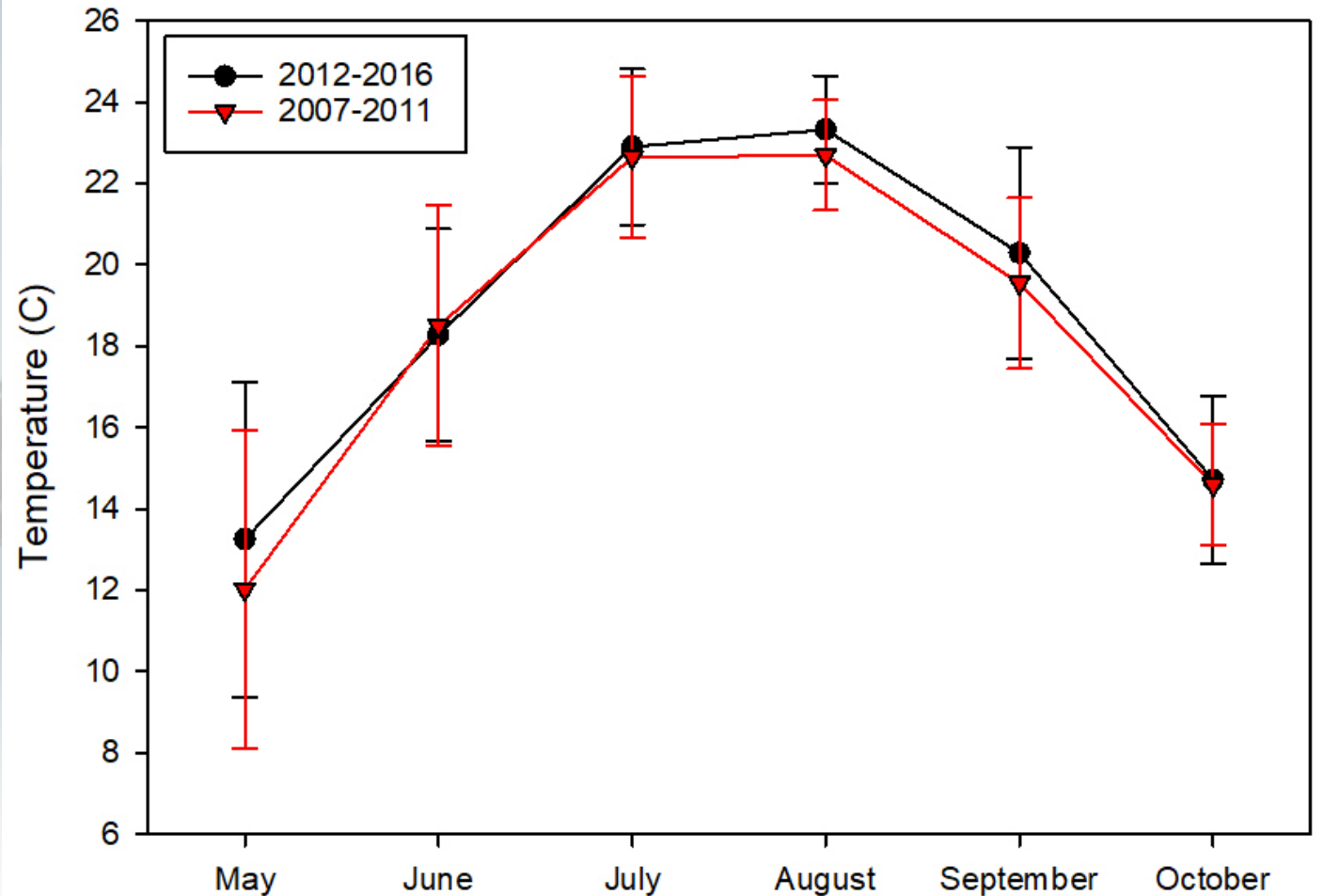
Lake Temperature?

Surface temp increased 0.5C
between studies

Main Lake Segments 0.1-0.8C

Northeast Arm 0.7C

Malletts Bay 0.6C



What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

Atmospheric Deposition-NO

Lake Temperature-NO

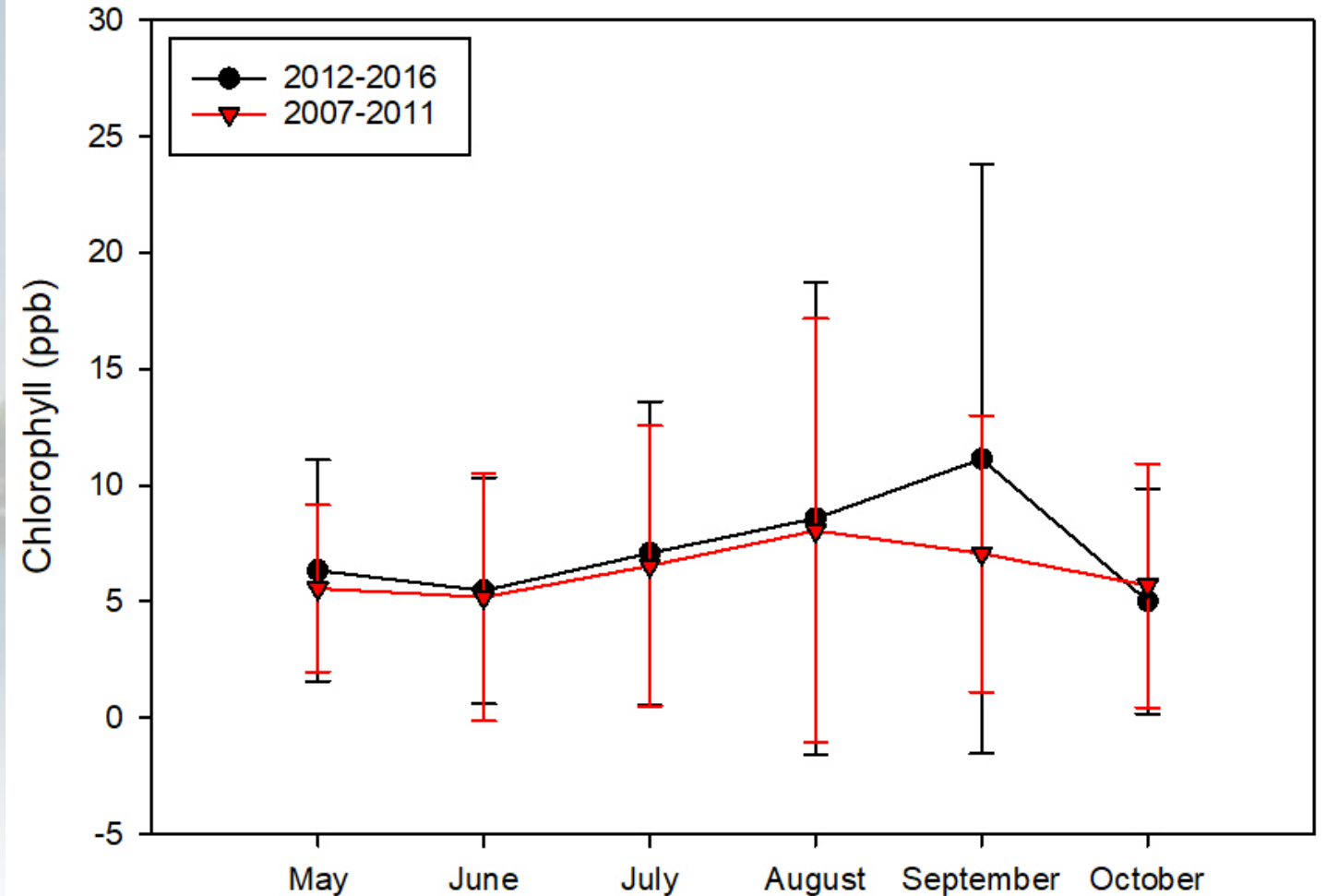
Primary productivity?

Chlorophyll increased 0.9 ppb
between studies

Main Lake Segments 0.4-0.5 ppb

Northeast Arm 1.2 ppb

Malletts Bay 0.4 ppb



What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

Atmospheric Deposition-NO

Lake Temperature-NO

Primary productivity-NO

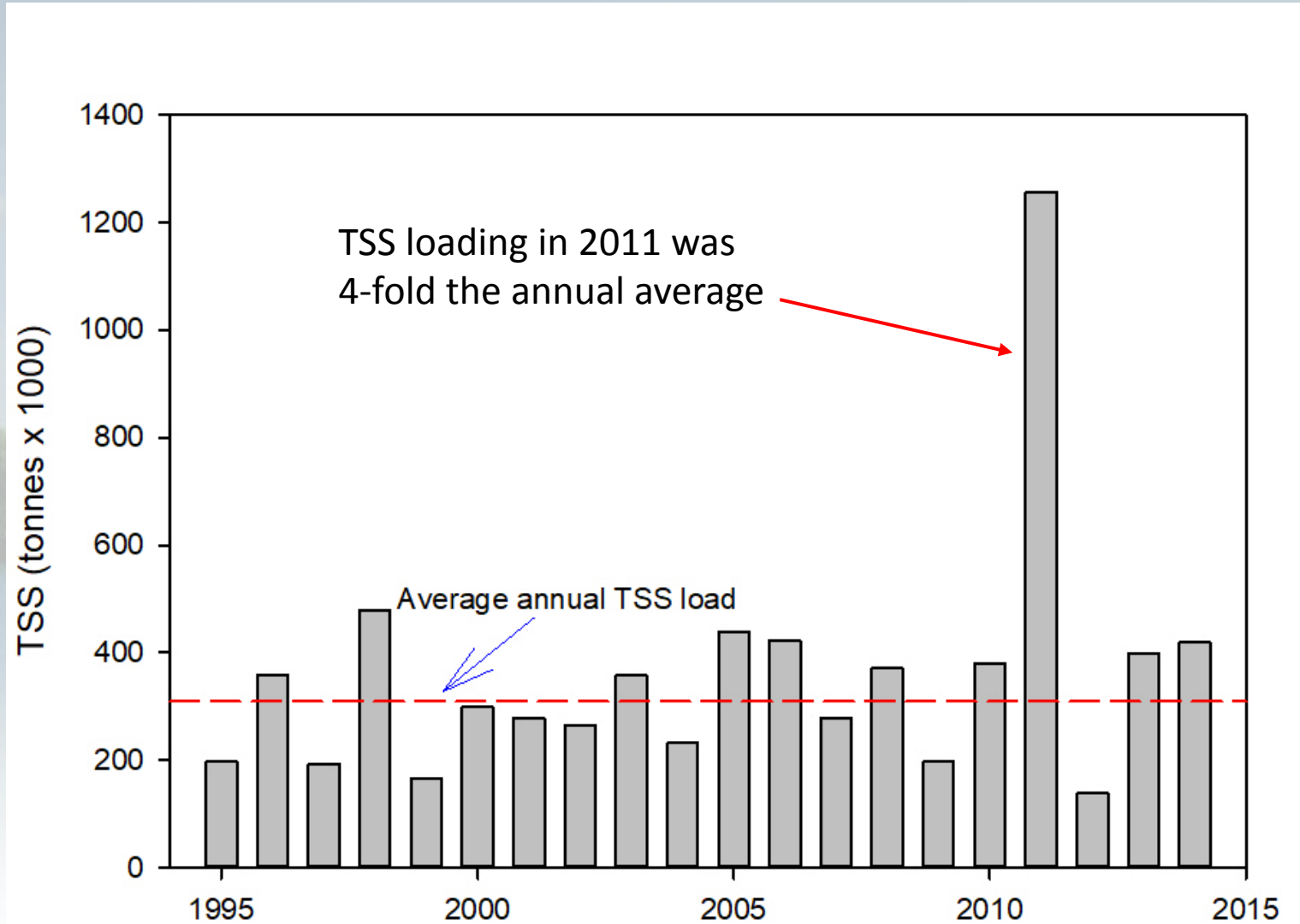
pH?

Mean pH ~8, rarely <7



What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

- Atmospheric Deposition-NO
- Lake Temperature-NO
- Primary productivity-NO
- pH-NO
- Stream Loading?



What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

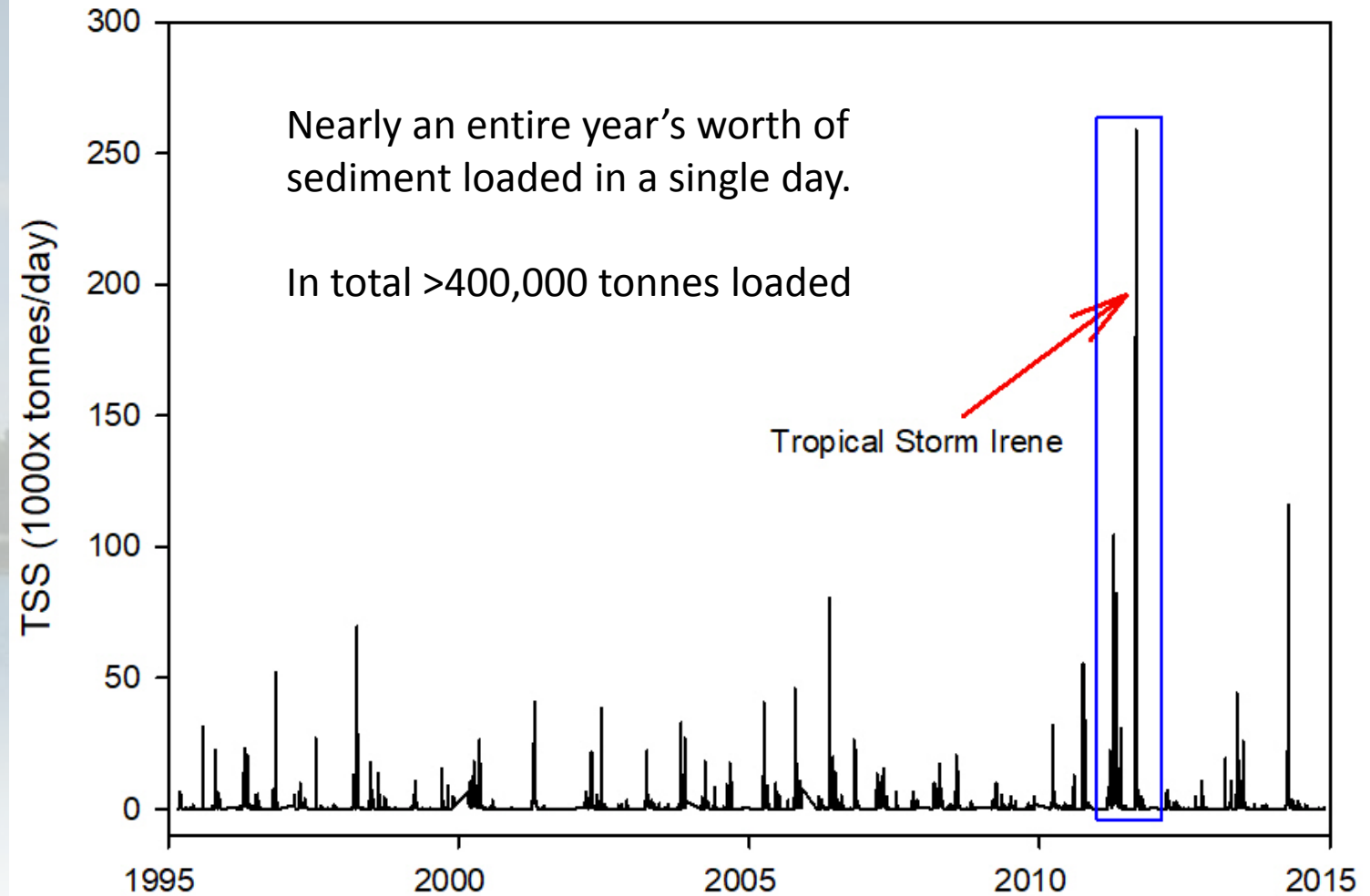
Atmospheric Deposition-NO

Lake Temperature-NO

Primary productivity-NO

pH-NO

Stream Loading?



What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

Atmospheric Deposition-NO

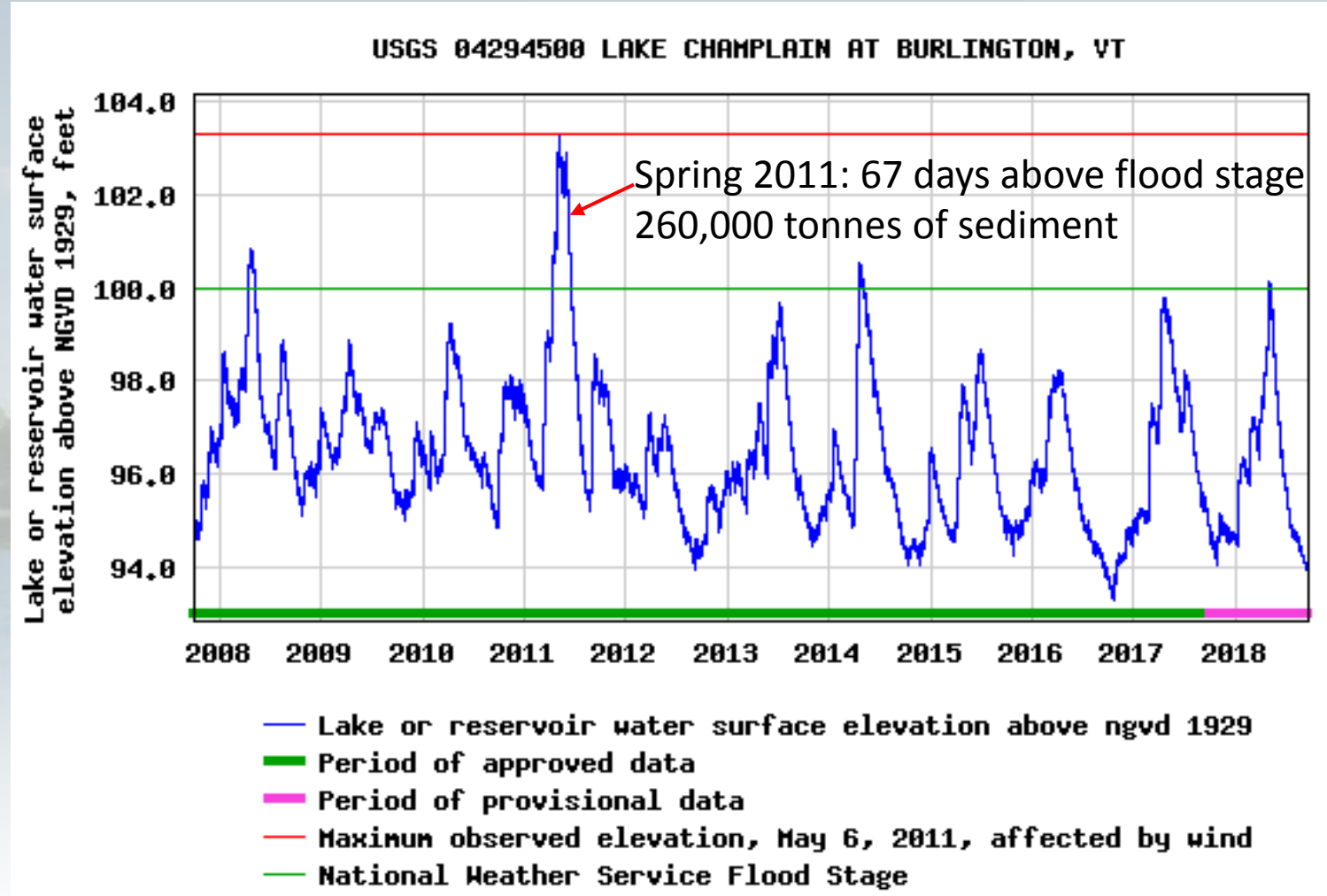
Lake Temperature-NO

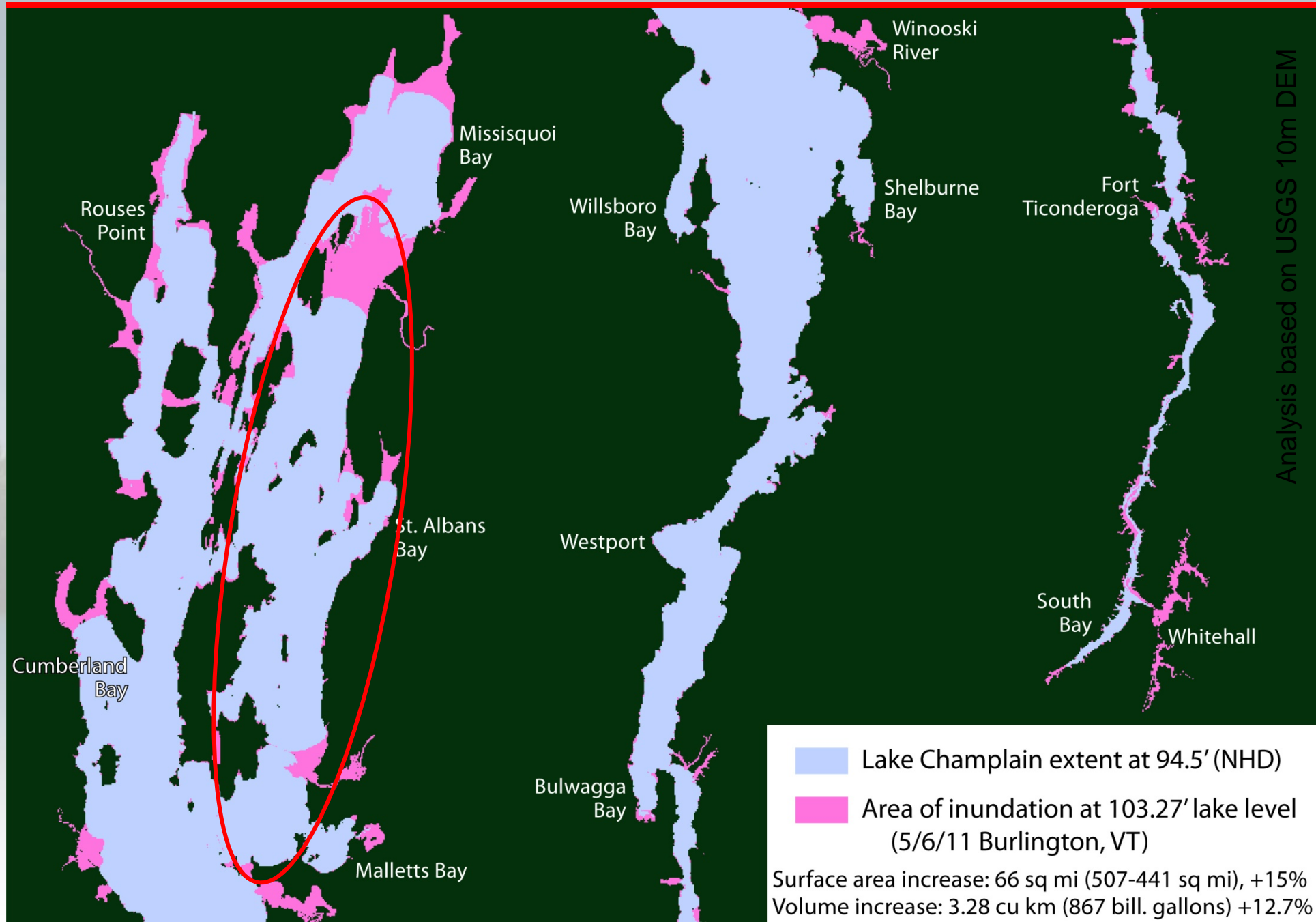
Primary productivity-NO

pH-NO

Stream Loading-Maybe

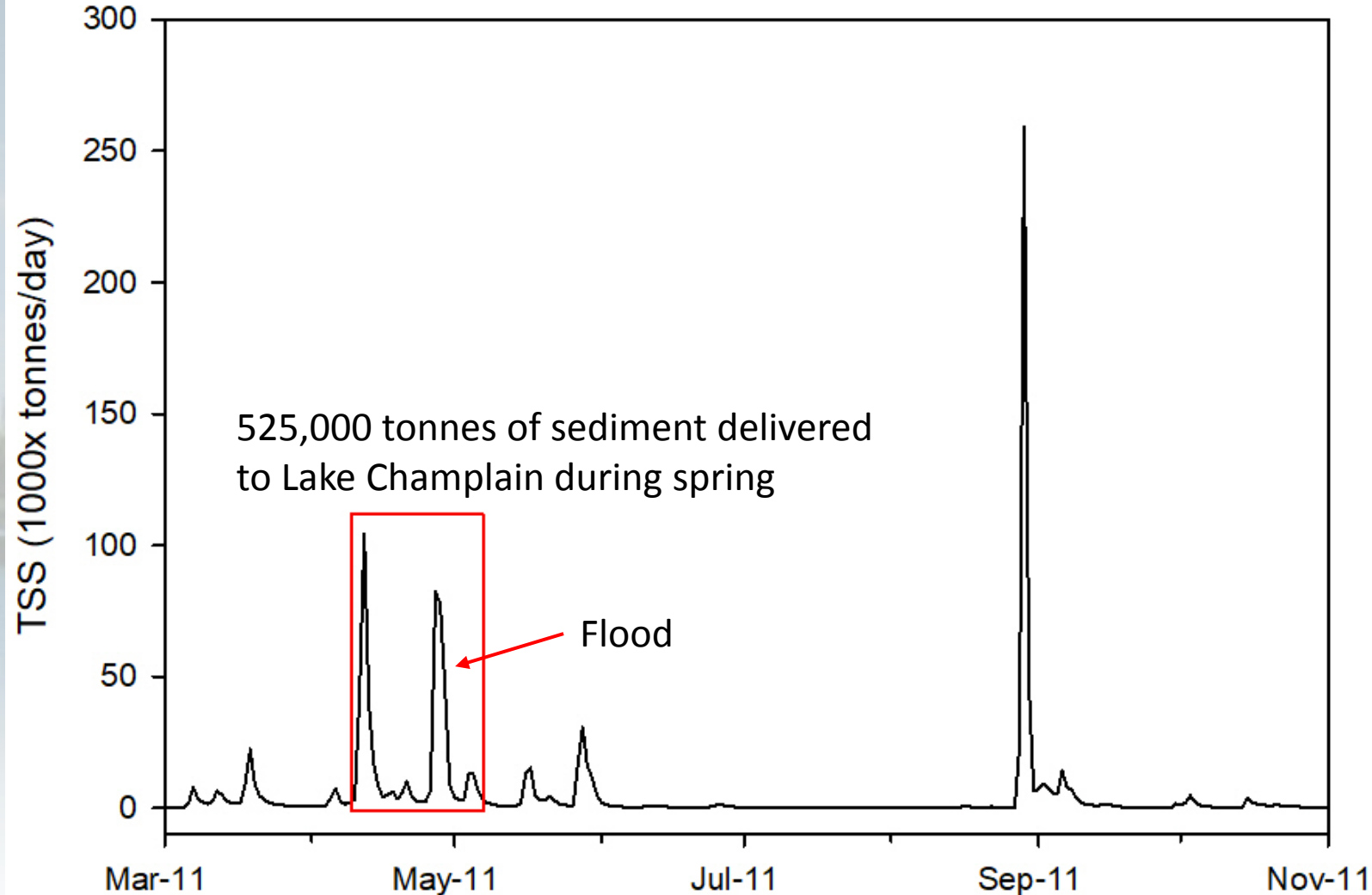
Flooding?





What Caused the Spike in Mercury?

- Atmospheric Deposition-NO
- Lake Temperature-NO
- Primary productivity-NO
- pH-NO
- Stream Loading-Maybe
- Flooding-Maybe



Main Questions

What caused the mercury spike in the Main Lake segment?

Sediment loading in 2011 may have caused the increase

Analyze sediment cores from Main Lake, Northeast Arm

Assess mercury in lower trophic levels of benthic organisms

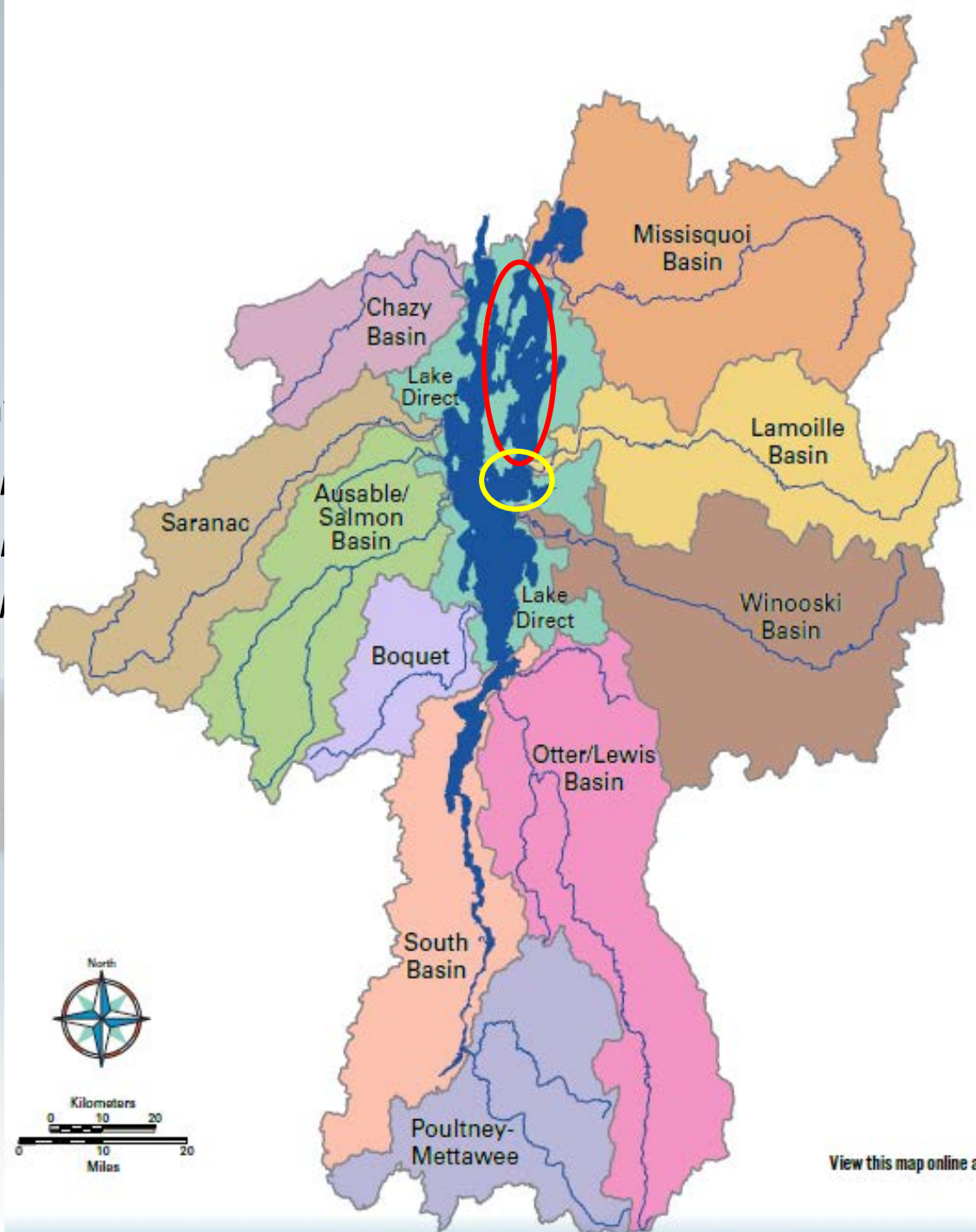
What differences between lake segments cause the conflict?

Less sediment loading to the Northeast Arm

Restricted circulation in Malletts Bay could

be impacting food web dynamics,

methylation rates.....



Broader Impact

Extreme disturbance events maybe increasing mercury in biota

Need for more case studies

How quickly does mercury increase?

Length of increase?

Impact on fish consumption advisories?

Funding provided by the Lake Champlain Basin Program

QUESTIONS?